and amounts of coverage required of the lessee.

- (p) Warranties or guarantees. A statement identifying all express warranties and guarantees from the manufacturer or lessor with respect to the leased property that apply to the lessee.
- (q) Penalties and other charges for delinquency. The amount or the method of determining the amount of any penalty or other charge for delinquency, default, or late payments, which must be reasonable.
- (r) Security interest. A description of any security interest, other than a security deposit disclosed under paragraph (b) of this section, held or to be retained by the lessor; and a clear identification of the property to which the security interest relates.
- (s) Limitations on rate information. If a lessor provides a percentage rate in an advertisement or in documents evidencing the lease transaction, a notice stating that "this percentage may not measure the overall cost of financing this lease" shall accompany the rate disclosure. The lessor shall not use the term "annual percentage rate," "annual lease rate," or any equivalent term.
- (t) Non-motor vehicle open-end leases. Non-motor vehicle open-end leases remain subject to section 182(10) of the act regarding end of term liability.

[Reg. M, 61 FR 52258, Oct. 7, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 15367, Apr. 1, 1997; 63 FR 52109, Sept. 29, 1998]

§213.5 Renegotiations, extensions, and assumptions.

- (a) Renegotiation. A renegotiation occurs when a consumer lease subject to this part is satisfied and replaced by a new lease undertaken by the same consumer. A renegotiation requires new disclosures, except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (b) Extension. An extension is a continuation, agreed to by the lessor and the lessee, of an existing consumer lease beyond the originally scheduled end of the lease term, except when the continuation is the result of a renegotiation. An extension that exceeds six months requires new disclosures, except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section.

- (c) Assumption. New disclosures are not required when a consumer lease is assumed by another person, whether or not the lessor charges an assumption fee.
- (d) *Exceptions*. New disclosures are not required for the following, even if they meet the definition of a renegotiation or an extension:
 - (1) A reduction in the rent charge;
- (2) The deferment of one or more payments, whether or not a fee is charged;
- (3) The extension of a lease for not more than six months on a month-tomonth basis or otherwise;
- (4) A substitution of leased property with property that has a substantially equivalent or greater economic value, provided no other lease terms are changed;
- (5) The addition, deletion, or substitution of leased property in a multipleitem lease, provided the average periodic payment does not change by more than 25 percent; or
- (6) An agreement resulting from a court proceeding.

[Reg. M, 61 FR 52258, Oct. 7, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 15367, Apr. 1, 1997]

§213.6 Electronic communication.

- (a) *Definition.* "Electronic communication" means a message transmitted electronically between a lessor and a lessee in a format that allows visual text to be displayed on equipment, for example, a personal computer monitor.
- (b) General rule. In accordance with the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (the E-Sign Act) (15 U.S.C. 7001 et seq.) and the rules of this part, a lessor may provide by electronic communication any disclosure required by this part to be in writing.
- (c) When consent is required. Under the E-Sign Act, a lessor is required to obtain a lessee's affirmative consent when providing disclosures related to a transaction. For purposes of this requirement, the disclosures required under §213.7 are deemed not to be related to a transaction.
- (d) Address or location to receive electronic communication. A lessor that uses electronic communication to provide disclosures required by this part shall:

- (1) Send the disclosure to the consumer's electronic address; or
- (2) Make the disclosure available at another location such as a web site; and
- (i) Alert the lessee of the disclosure's availability by sending a notice to the consumer's electronic address (or to a postal address, at the lessor's option). The notice shall identify the transaction involved and the address of the Internet web site or other location where the disclosure is available; and
- (ii) Make the disclosure available for at least 90 days from the date the disclosure first becomes available or from the date of the notice alerting the lessee of the disclosure, whichever comes later.
- (3) Exceptions. A lessor need not comply with paragraph (d)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section for the disclosures required under §213.7.
- (e) Redelivery. When a disclosure provided by electronic communication is returned to a lessor undelivered, the lessor shall take reasonable steps to attempt redelivery using information in its files.

[Reg. M, 66 FR 17328, Mar. 30, 2001]

§213.7 Advertising.

- (a) General rule. An advertisement for a consumer lease may state that a specific lease of property at specific amounts or terms is available only if the lessor usually and customarily leases or will lease the property at those amounts or terms.
- (b) Clear and conspicuous standard. Disclosures required by this section shall be made clearly and conspicuously.
- (1) Amount due at lease signing or delivery. Except for the statement of a periodic payment, any affirmative or negative reference to a charge that is a part of the disclosure required under paragraph (d)(2)(ii) of this section shall not be more prominent than that disclosure.
- (2) Advertisement of a lease rate. If a lessor provides a percentage rate in an advertisement, the rate shall not be more prominent than any of the disclosures in §213.4, with the exception of the notice in §213.4(s) required to accompany the rate; and the lessor shall not use the term "annual percentage

- rate," "annual lease rate," or equivalent term.
- (c) Catalogs and multipage advertisements. A catalog or other multipage advertisement that provides a table or schedule of the required disclosures shall be considered a single advertisement if, for lease terms that appear without all the required disclosures, the advertisement refers to the page or pages on which the table or schedule appears.
- (d) Advertisement of terms that require additional disclosure—(1) Triggering terms. An advertisement that states any of the following items shall contain the disclosures required by paragraph (d)(2) of this section, except as provided in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this section:
 - (i) The amount of any payment; or
- (ii) A statement of any capitalized cost reduction or other payment (or that no payment is required) prior to or at consummation or by delivery, if delivery occurs after consummation.
- (2) Additional terms. An advertisement stating any item listed in paragraph (d)(1) of this section shall also state the following items:
- (i) That the transaction advertised is a lease:
- (ii) The total amount due prior to or at consummation or by delivery, if delivery occurs after consummation;
- (iii) The number, amounts, and due dates or periods of scheduled payments under the lease;
- (iv) A statement of whether or not a security deposit is required; and
- (v) A statement that an extra charge may be imposed at the end of the lease term where the lessee's liability (if any) is based on the difference between the residual value of the leased property and its realized value at the end of the lease term.
- (e) Alternative disclosures—merchandise tags. A merchandise tag stating any item listed in paragraph (d)(1) of this section may comply with paragraph (d)(2) of this section by referring to a sign or display prominently posted in the lessor's place of business that contains a table or schedule of the required disclosures.